



UK Research Series

# Research



Authored by  
Richard Connor

No copying or other dissemination of the contents of this report may be made without the written permission of BESA



Our annual review of school and resource budgets for this year and the coming year, with expectations for spending on key resource groups. Analysed from school business managers across over 1200 schools.

Full report & tabulations available for all questions  
Members can download all files from the BESA website in the 'Insights' section



## Panel research

# SOURCING THE KNOWLEDGEABLE



### PANEL-BASED ONLINE SURVEYS

Linking to our nationally-representative 11,000+ senior leader, administrator and teacher panels offering 40-65% response rates



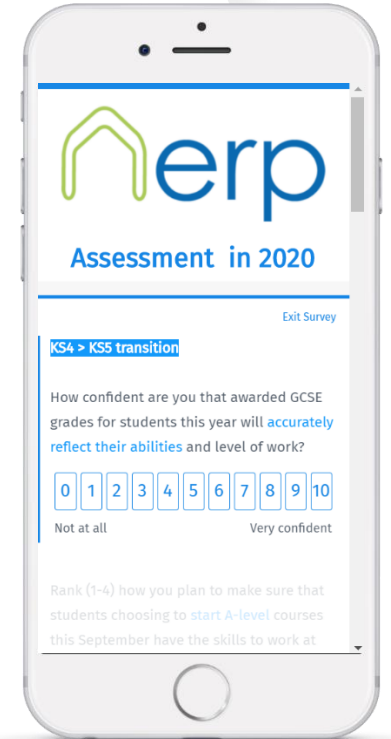
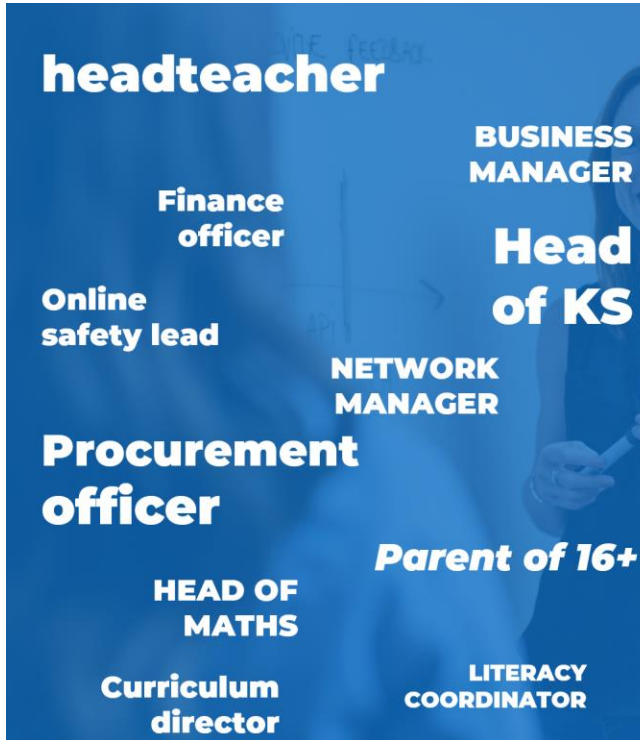
### MOBILE-FOCUSED DELIVERY

Over half our surveys are responded to on smartphones, so we ensure questionnaires are quick and easy to complete



### COMMUNITY TARGETTING

Ensure you reach only the professionals you want to understand – no blanket mailings necessary with our role-based panels



This report is compiled from data collected from opted-in members of the National Education Research Panel (NERP), operated by C3 Education.



# Stratified sampling

To ensure a representative view of the marketplace numerous prerequisites were put in place, which included ensuring a broad spread of responses from across the UK, school size profiling and split by sector and school type.

Sector	Pupil numbers	Responded	Population*
Primary	Small (<200 pupils)	125	5,375
	Medium (200 to 320)	363	5,402
	Large (>320 pupils)	264	6,014
Secondary	Small (<740 pupils)	60	1,002
	Medium (740 to 1080)	205	1,128
	Large (>1080 pupils)	191	1,328
Total	All	1,208	20,249

\* as of October 2021

n=1208

English Region	Schools	% of sample
South West	124	10%
South East	124	10%
London	141	12%
East of England	140	12%
East Midlands	154	13%
West Midlands	119	10%
Yorkshire / Humber	127	10%
North East	150	12%
North West	129	11%
ENGLAND	1,208	100%

This report is compiled from data collected from opted-in members of the National Education Research Panel (NERP), operated by C3 Education.



Responses to each question are made available – including trend data where relevant.

Resources in English Maintained Schools		C		D		E		F		G		2022	
What is your anticipated recurrent budget spending on teaching aids and equipment in 2021/22 and what is it likely to be in 2022/23?													
Teaching aids and equipment													
PRIMARY													
School type		2021/22		2022/23		Change on 2021/22		VALUE OF 2022/23 CHANGE					
All primary (PER SCHOOL)	£	14,765	£	15,271		3.4%	£	506					
All primary (NATIONAL ALLOCATION)	£	247,919.115	£	256,415.361		3.4%	£	8,496,246					
All primary (PER PUPIL)	£	53.20	£	55.02		3.4%	£	1.82					
								PRIMARY # 16,791					
								PUPIL# 4,660,264					
								PUPIL/SCHOOL 278					
SECONDARY													
School type		2021/22		2022/23		Change on 2021/22		VALUE OF 2022/23 CHANGE					
All secondary	£	51,748	£	49,657		-4.0%	-£	2,091					
All secondary (EXTRAPOLATIONS)	£	178,944,584	£	171,713,906		-4.0%	-£	7,230,678					
All secondary (PER PUPIL)	£	51.22	£	49.15		-4.0%	-£	2.07					
								SECONDARY # 3,458					
								PUPIL# 3,493,507					
								PUPIL/SCHOOL 1,010					
ALL COMBINED													
School type		2021/22		2022/23		Change on 2021/22		SUMMARY					
All primary	£	14,765	£	15,271		3.4%		2.1%					
All secondary	£	51,748	£	49,657		-4.0%		-18.6%					
TREND: Per School													
Yr: 2011/12		PRIMARY		SECONDARY		PRI change		SEC change		CHART			
Yr: 2011/12		£14,950		£50,970									
Yr: 2012/13		£15,400		£61,820		3.4%		1.4%					
Yr: 2013/14		£15,770		£62,990		2.0%		1.9%					
Yr: 2014/15		£16,270		£63,750		3.2%		1.2%					
Yr: 2015/16		£16,510		£62,370		1.5%		-2.2%					
Yr: 2016/17		£15,810		£58,950		-4.2%		-5.5%					
Yr: 2017/18		£15,200		£57,210		-3.9%		-3.0%					
Yr: 2018/19		£15,440		£59,670		1.6%		4.3%					
Yr: 2019/20		£14,940		£54,120		-3.2%		-9.3%					
Yr: 2020/21 [updated]		£13,570		£49,050		-9.2%		-9.4%					
Yr: 2021/22 [PROJ.]		£14,770		£51,750		8.8%		5.5%					
Yr: 2022/23 [F*CAST.]		£15,270		£54,660		3.4%		-4.0%					

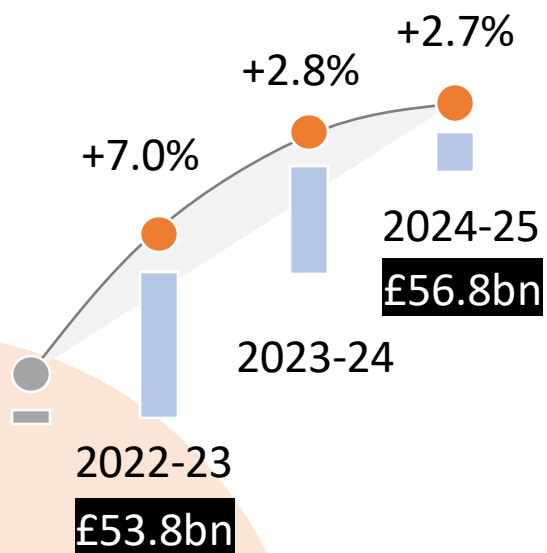
What is changing in school funding allocations?

How are schools adapting to changes in funding allocations?

What resources have benefitted, and which have suffered from contraction?

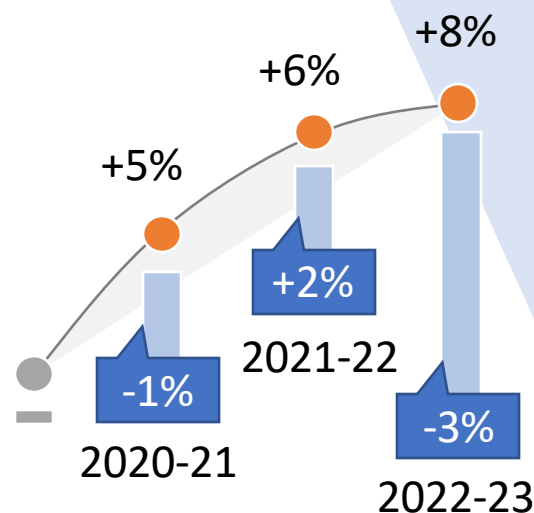
## Cash terms funding growth\*

Core Schools Funding



\* Department for Education

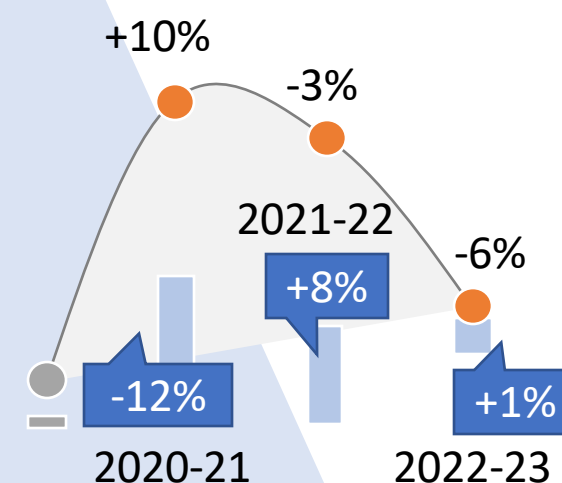
## Spending changes



● School budget allocations

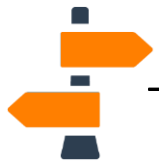
■ Resources spending

## Spending changes\*



● ICT resources

■ Non-ICT resources



## Trends

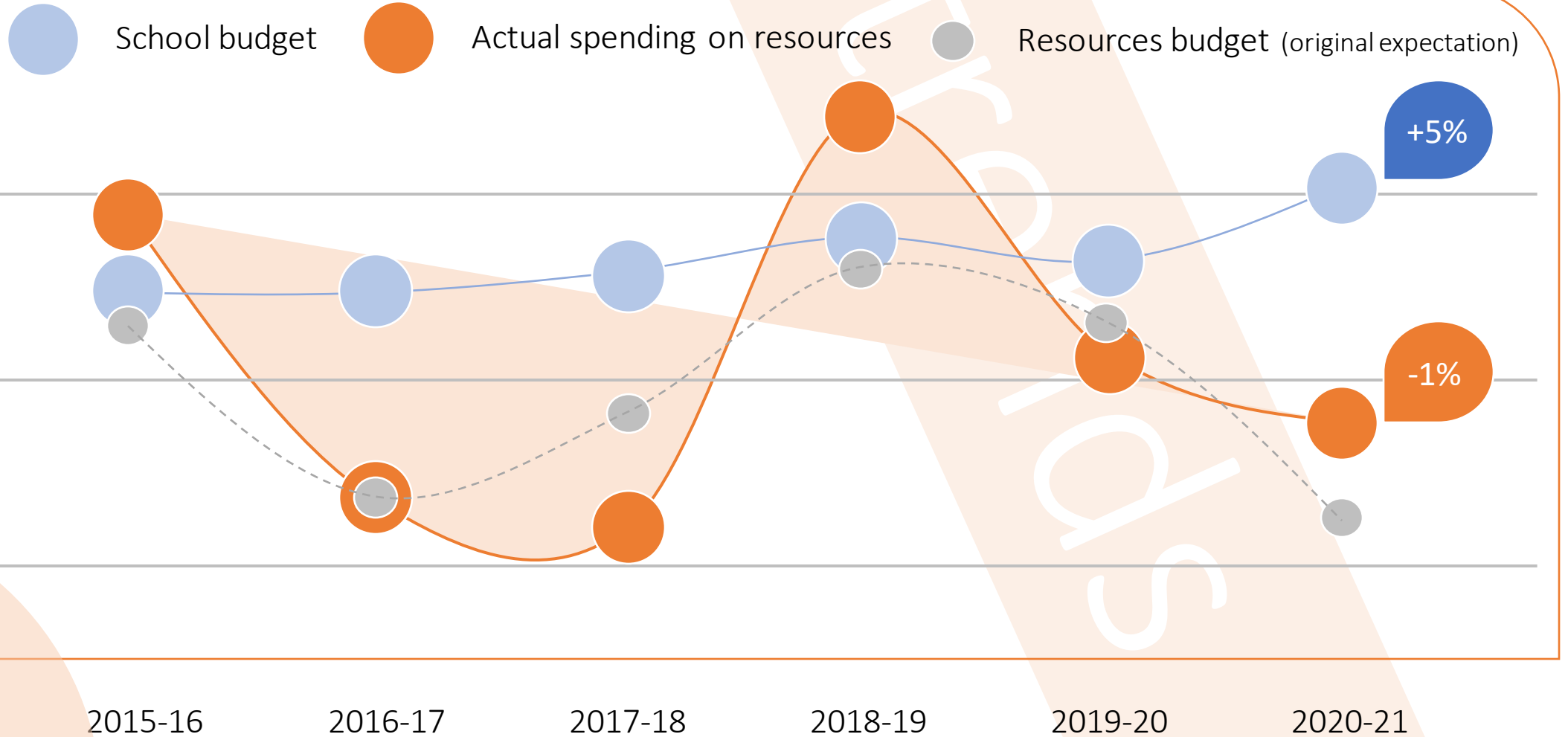
### PRIMARY SECTOR

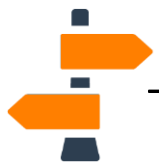
+10

+5

+0

-5





# Trends

## SECONDARY SECTOR

+10

+5

+0

-5

School budget    Actual spending on resources    Resources budget (original expectation)

+4%

-2%

2015-16

2016-17

2017-18

2018-19

2019-20

2020-21



# Opinions on resourcing

---

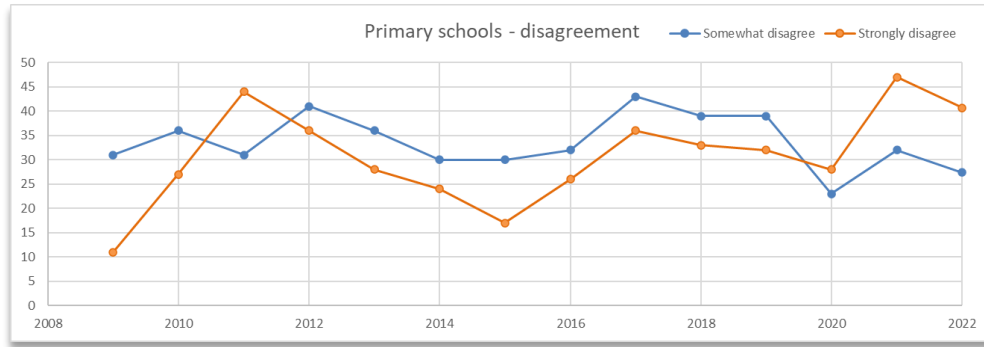
### NOTE

On each slide you will see a 'T' designation, such as 'T1.1.1'. This notation refers to the table reference in the accompanying spreadsheet to this report. The tabulations provide a complete view of the question, response options and the responses (including between authority schools and academies).





# Optimistic about funding next year?



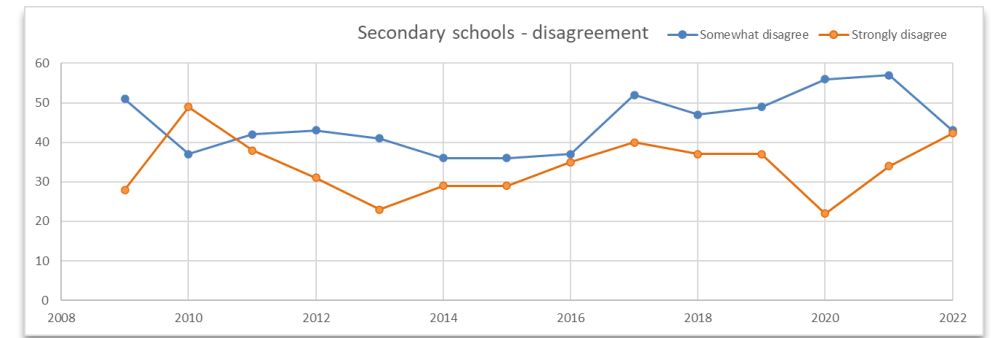
Strongly or somewhat agree

+14% over 2021

20%

## Secondary

Optimism over funding in 2022-23 is likely to come under pressure again, with more secondary schools now strongly disagreeing with the statement. However, this still leaves only 9% of secondary schools being optimistic about funding.



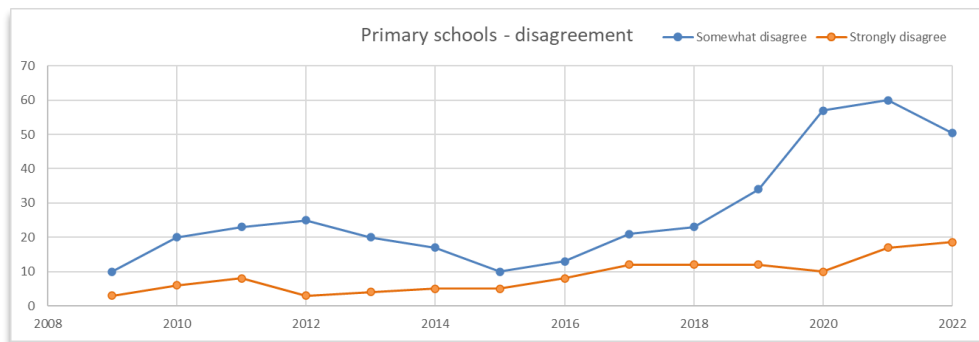
Strongly or somewhat agree

+4% over 2021

9%



# Well-equipped with teaching and learning resources?



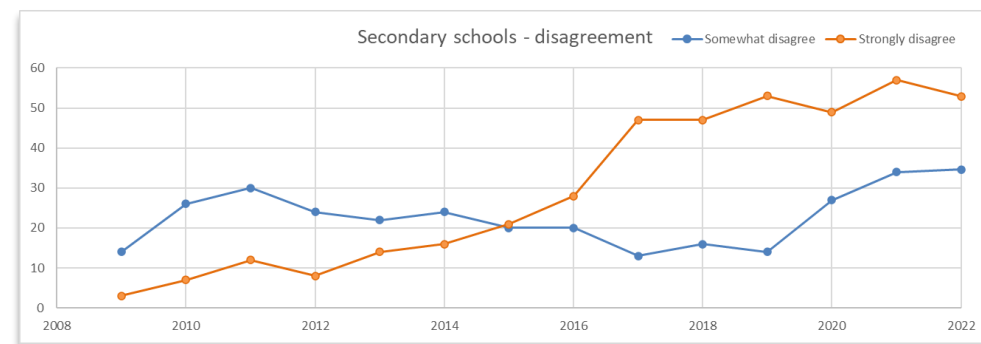
Strongly or somewhat agree

+7% over 2021

30%

## Secondary

For secondary schools, the concern over funding extends to not being well-equipped with teaching and learning resources. Each year more business managers record strongly disagreeing that they are well equipped. The improvement this year is only marginal.



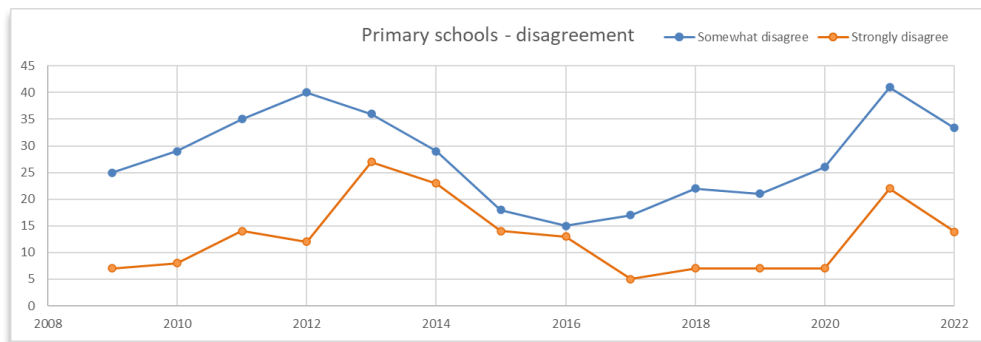
Strongly or somewhat agree

+3% over 2021

8%



# Well-equipped with ICT infrastructure and devices?



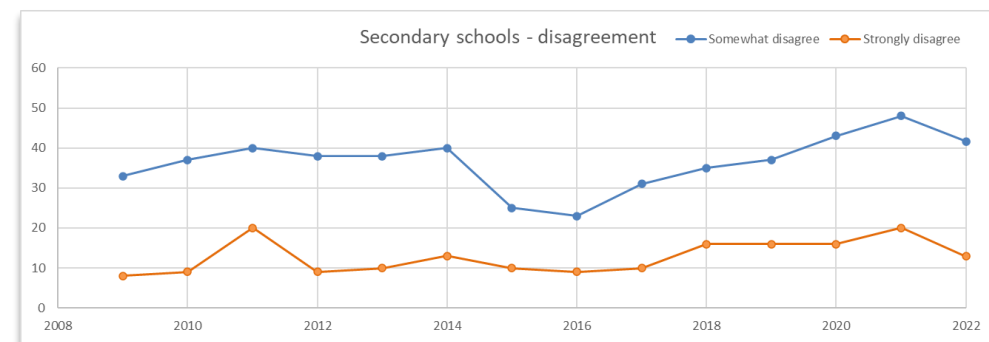
Strongly or somewhat agree

+15% over 2021

42%

## Secondary

While secondary schools have also recorded an uplift in disagreement with the view that they are well-equipped with ICT infrastructure and devices, the bounce back this year has been less encouraging.



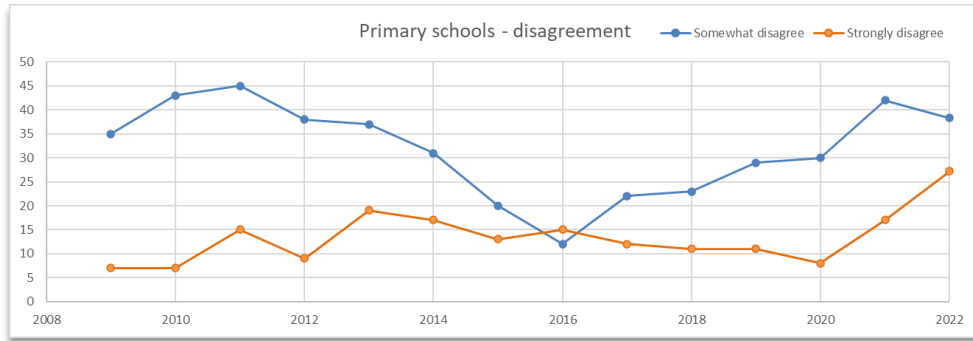
Strongly or somewhat agree

+10% over 2021

37%



# Well-equipped with furniture and storage?



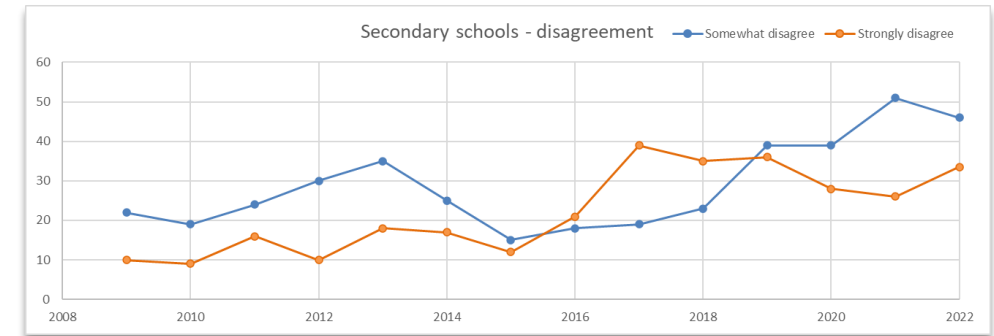
Strongly or somewhat agree

-5% over 2021

30%

## Secondary

While there was evidence in 2020 and 2021 of a limited improvement in the proportion of secondary schools being well-equipped with furniture and storage, the new data indicates a fall back to previous levels, with a third strongly disagreeing with the statement.



Strongly or somewhat agree

-2% over 2021

14%



# Curriculum purchasing priorities

---

### NOTE

On each slide you will see a 'T' designation, such as 'T1.3.1'. This notation refers to the table reference in the accompanying spreadsheet to this report. The tabulations provide a complete view of the question, response options and the responses (including between authority schools and academies).



# Where are priorities changing for KS1 & KS2 resource spending?



*Significant upshift*

1. English / literacy
2. Art & design

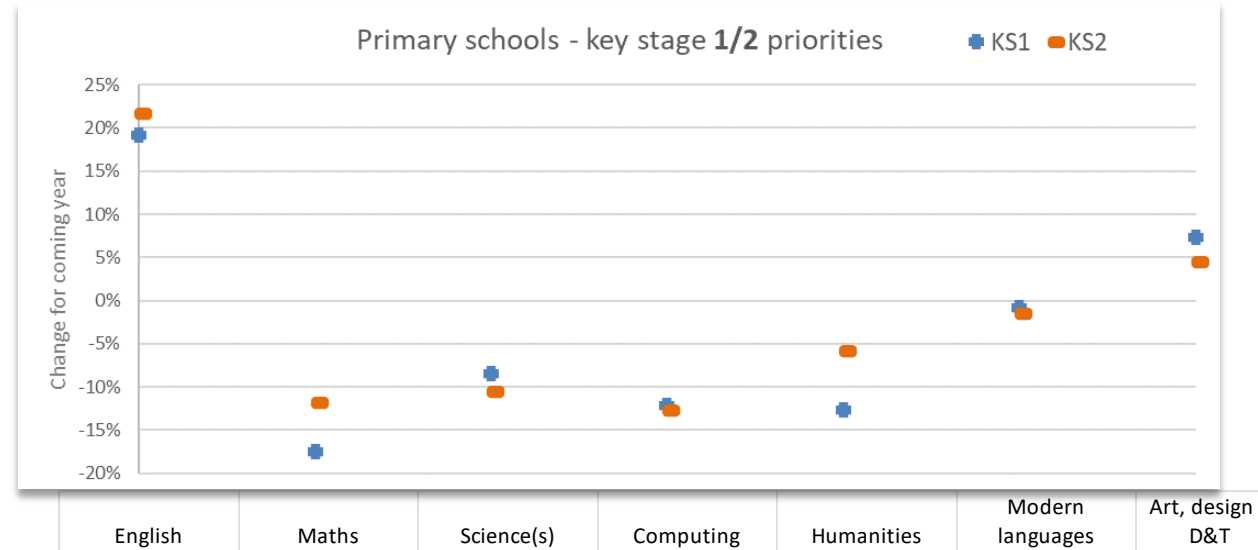


*Significant downshift*

1. Maths / numeracy
2. Computing

## Primary

During 2021, primary schools placed a significant focus on numeracy (especially at KS1). For the coming year, focus is shifting back to English and literacy, with a little more priority being directed towards art & design activities.



Proportion of schools focusing spending on each subject area (multiple response)



# Where are priorities changing for KS3 & KS4 resource spending?



*Significant upshift*

1. English
2. Maths (KS4)

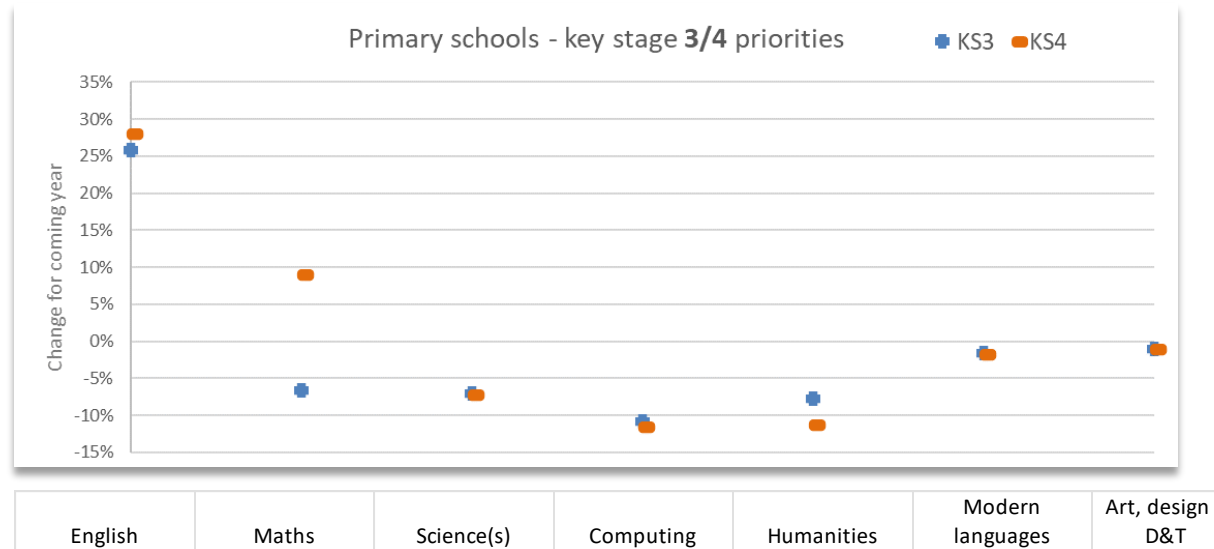


*Significant downshift*

1. Humanities
2. Computing

## Secondary

Like primary schools, the secondary sector is prioritising English more so than in recent years. However, the most significant change comes from the proportion of schools indicating a spending focus on maths. In 2017, fewer than half of secondary schools indicated a spending focus on maths, which has expanded to 81% of schools for the coming year.



Proportion of schools focusing spending on each subject area (multiple response)



# School & resources budget setting

---

### BUDGET DEFINITION - Resources

Schools have a legal requirement to set a budget including an allocation for resources. However, the components making up allocations can differ between schools and vary over the year as head teachers gain more insight into other spending commitments, such as employee and premises costs.

---

### BUDGET DEFINITION – effective school budgets

Schools receive funding from a number of grants, as well as, having centralised commitments that are deducted and fundraising activities that are added. This leaves the effective school budget, i.e. the amount of money schools have available in their bank account for expenditure items.





## How have school budgets changed?

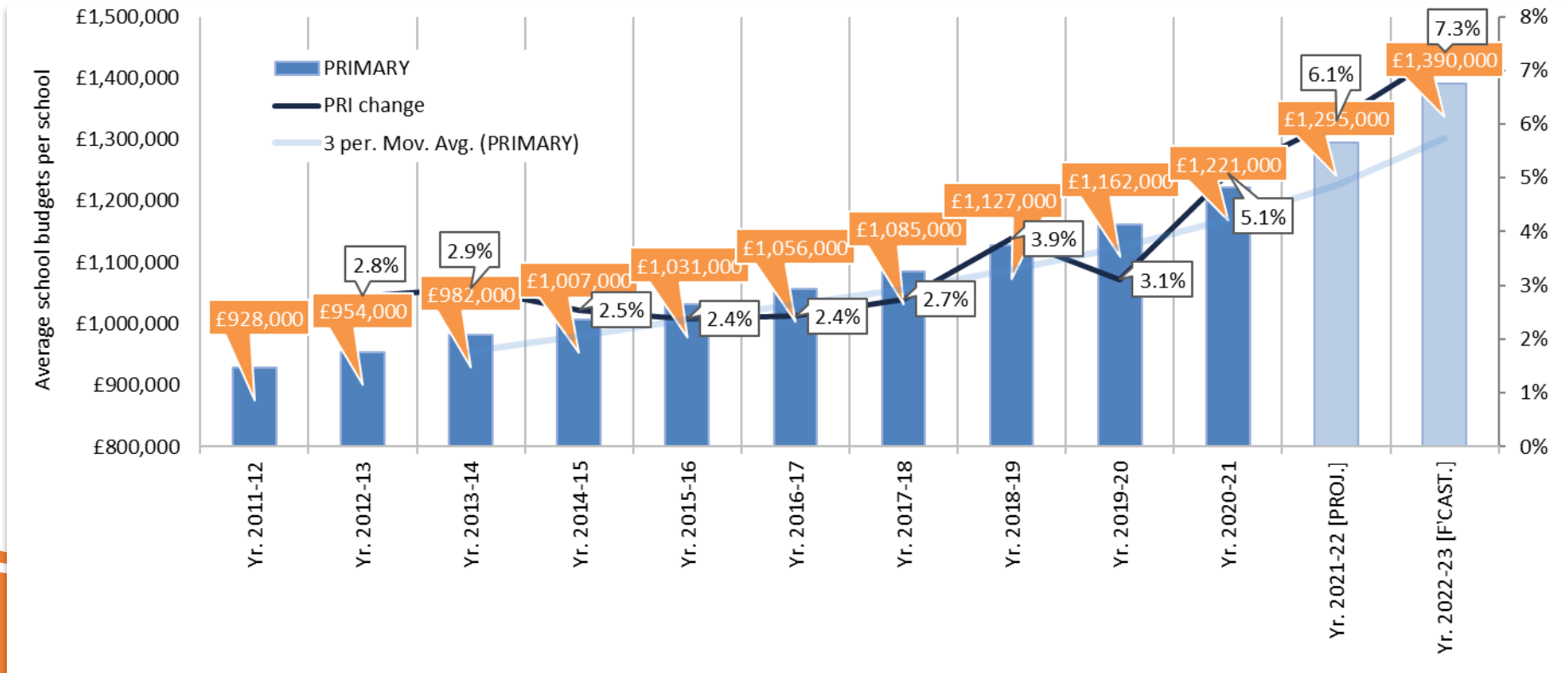


*Increase in cash terms*

Since 2011-12  
**+50%**

### Primary

School budgets increased by +5% in 2020-21 and again by a similar +6% in 2021-22. There is an expectation of a further rise in cash terms of +7% for 2022-23, which is likely to result in a real terms increase of around +2% to +3%.



Average recurrent  
budget available in  
school bank  
accounts



## How have resource budgets changed?

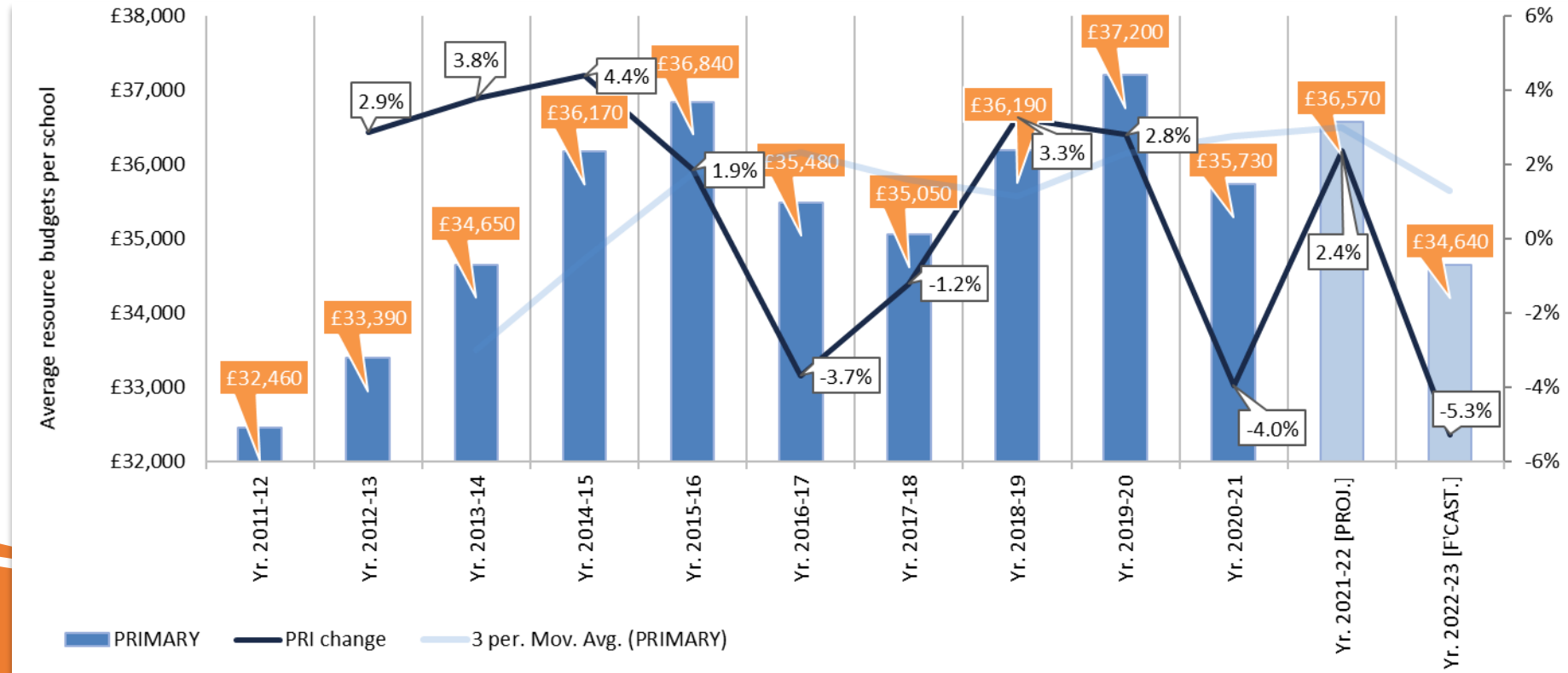


*Increase in cash terms*

Since 2011-12  
**+7%**

### Primary

While school budgets are forecast to improve by +50% between 2011-12 and 2022-23, resource budgets across the primary sector have recorded limited positive movement over the same period. The fall recorded in 2020-21 and the forecast contraction for 2022-23 only exacerbate the pressure on resource allocations.



Average recurrent  
resources budget  
available in primary  
school bank  
accounts



## How has resources spending changed?



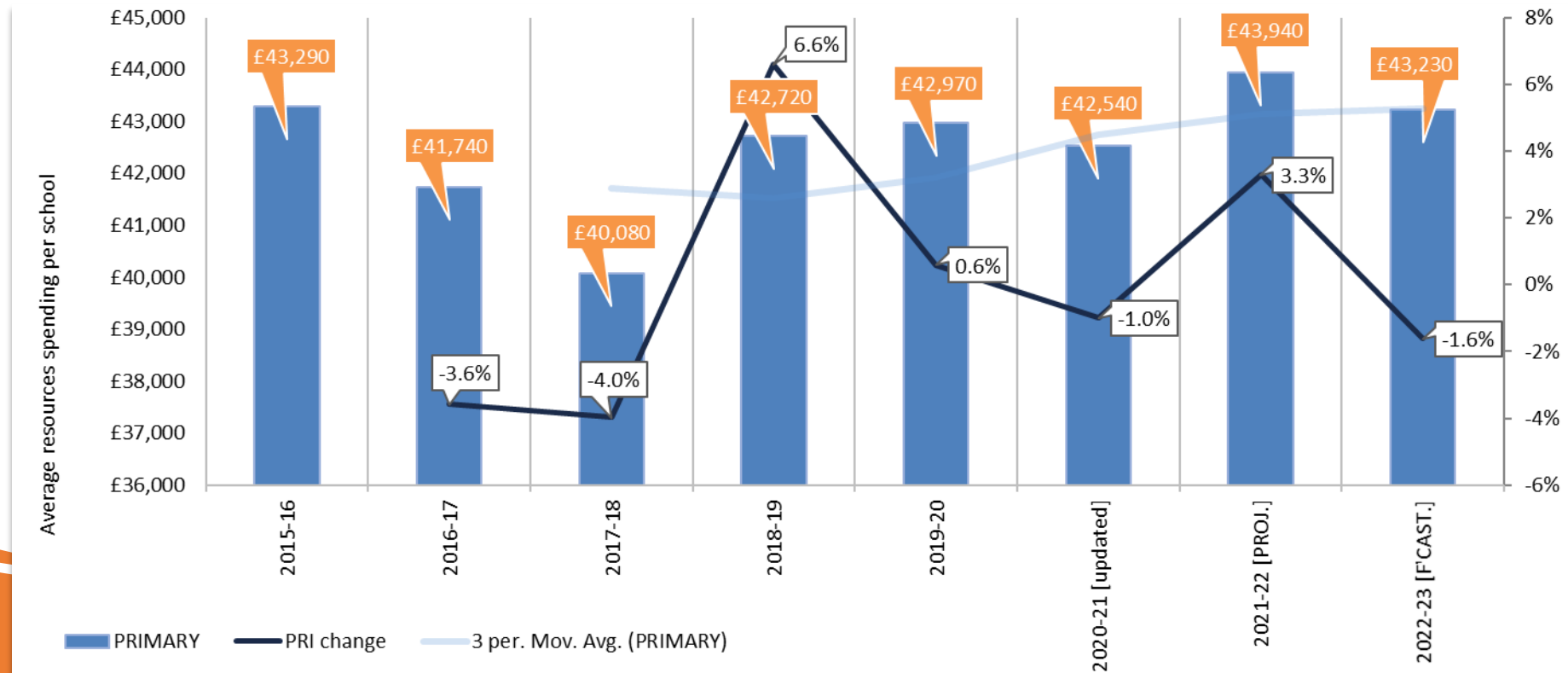
*Increase in cash terms*

Since 2015-16

**+0%**

### Primary

The forecast for spending on resources (from recurrent and capital allocations) in 2022-23 is likely to result in spending on the resources identified in this report being very similar in cash terms to what they were in 2015-16.



Average recurrent and capital spending available from school bank accounts in primary schools



## How have school budgets changed?

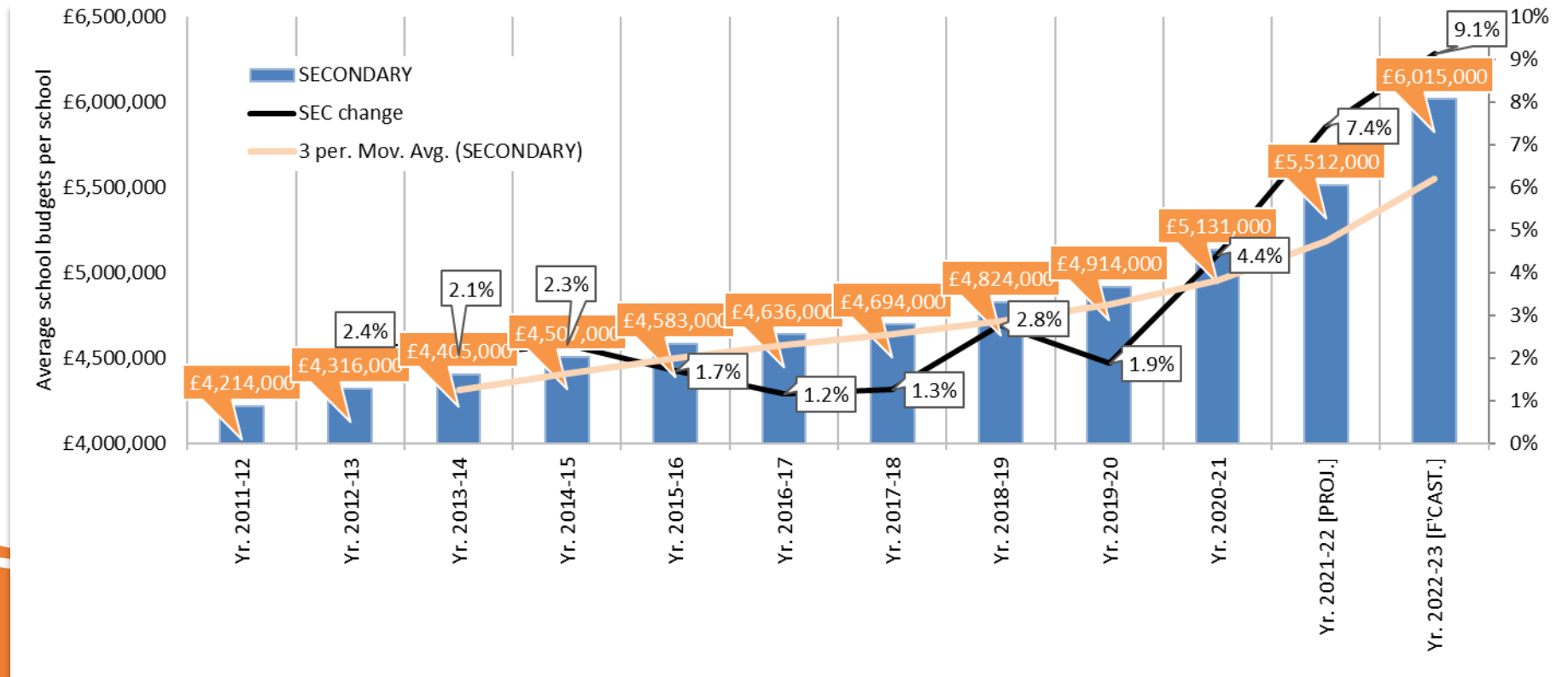


*Increase in cash terms*

Since 2011-12  
**+43%**

### Secondary

School budgets increased by +4% in 2020-21 and expanded to +7% in 2021-22. There is an expectation of a further rise in cash terms of +9% for 2022-23, which is likely to result in a real terms increase of around +4% to +5%.





## How have resource budgets changed?

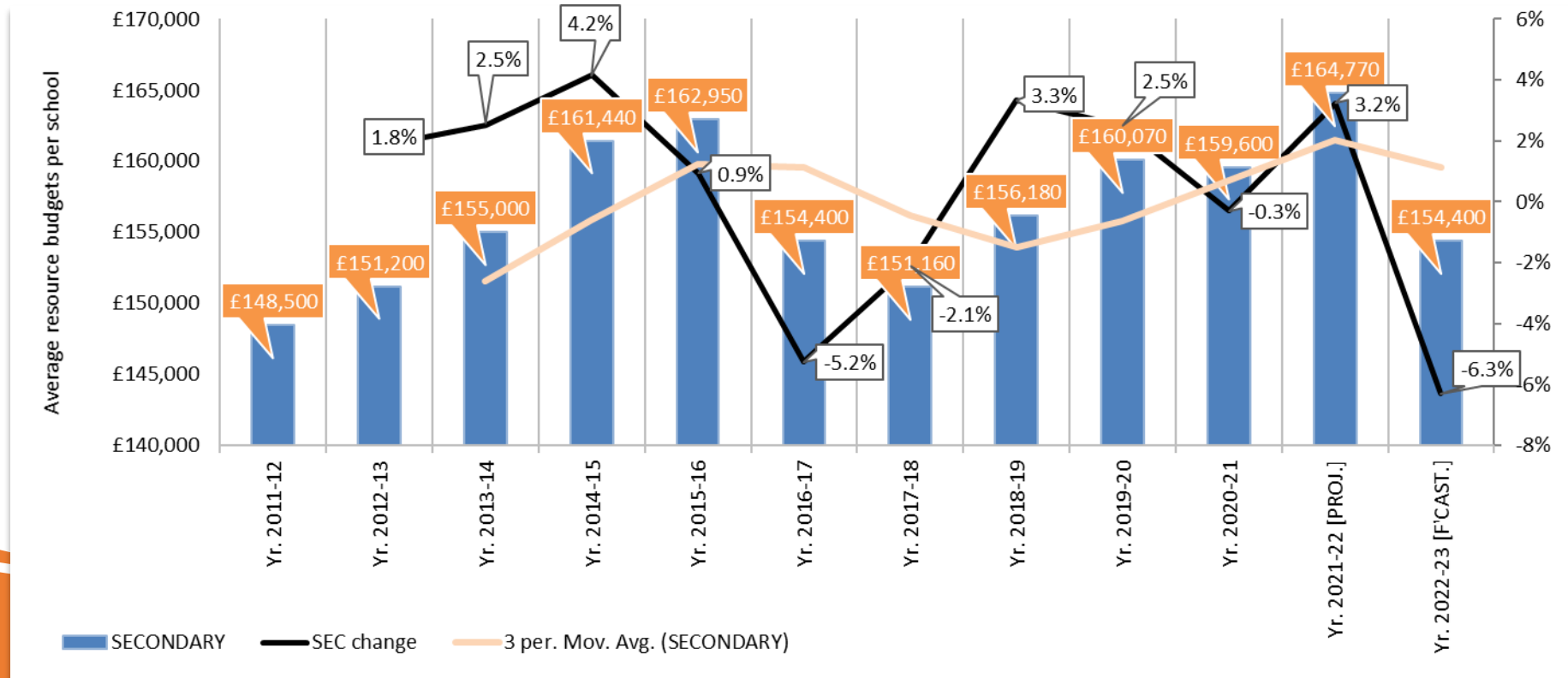


*Increase in cash terms*

Since 2011-12  
**+4%**

### Secondary

Resource budget allocations by secondary schools have hardly moved in the last ten years. Although actual expenditure has seen some positive movement, secondary schools are unlikely to allocate higher spending than the previous year, when setting budgets at the beginning of the year.



Average recurrent  
resources budget  
available in  
secondary school  
bank accounts



## How has resources spending changed?



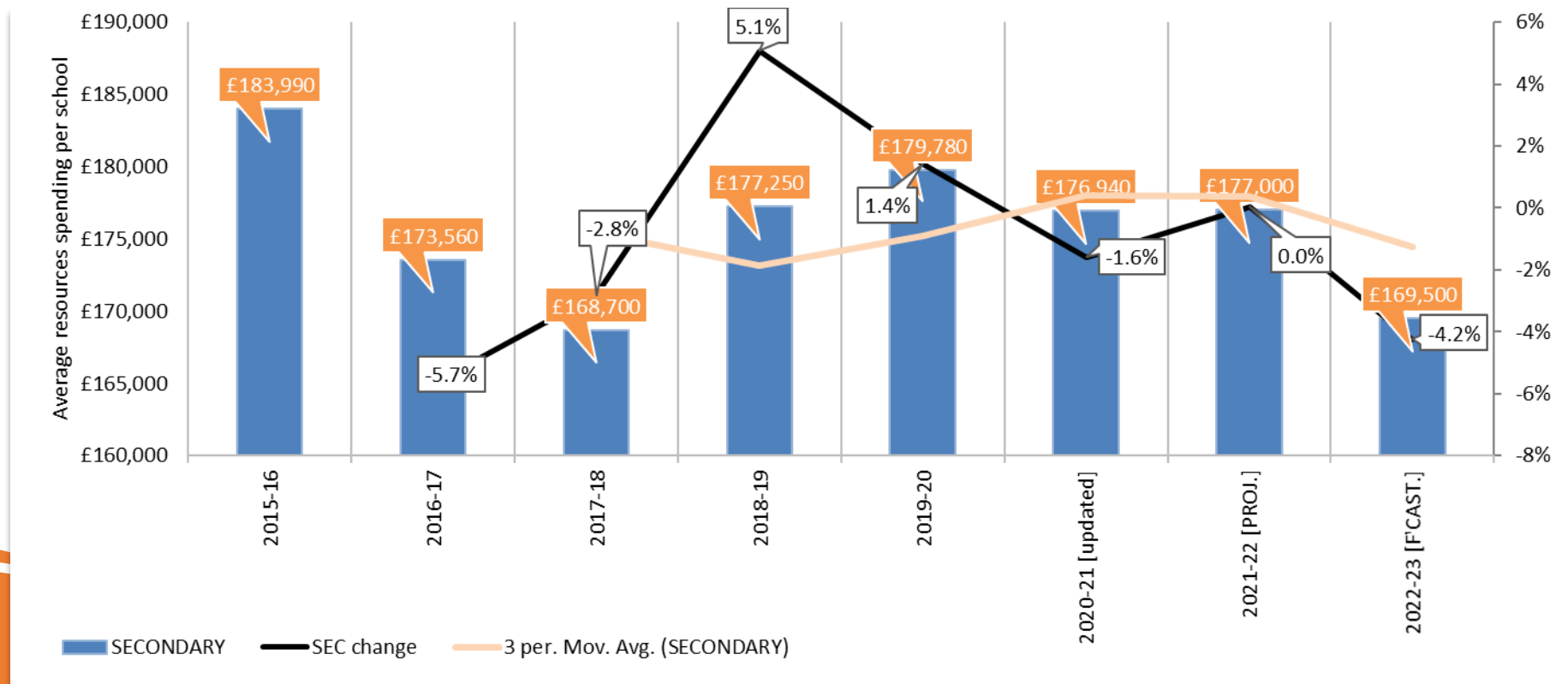
*Increase in cash terms*

Since 2015-16

**-8%**

### Secondary

Resources spending across the secondary sector has been under pressure for some time. Although reasonable growth was identified in 2018-19, spending has moved marginally downward, even during the recent period of school disruption. Therefore, spending on resources is likely to be -8% lower in 2022-23 than it was in 2015-16.

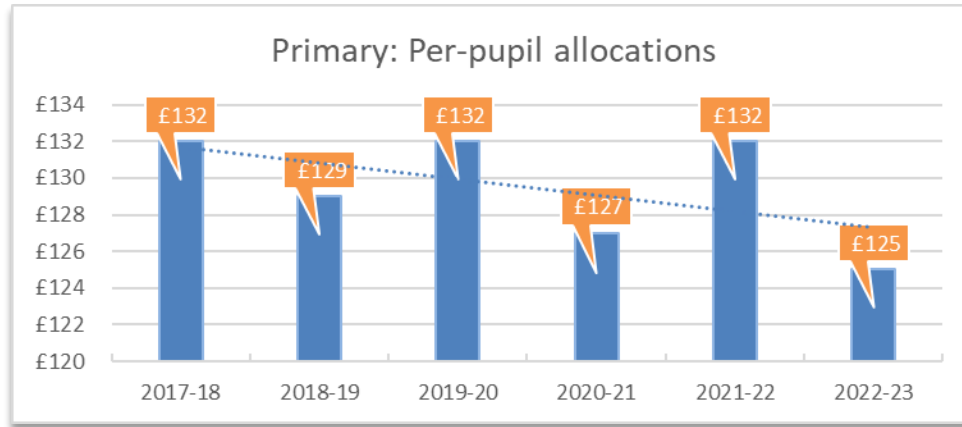


Average recurrent and capital spending available from school bank accounts in secondary schools



# How are per-pupil resource allocations changing\*?

\*based on current expectations and in cash terms



Fall since 2017-18

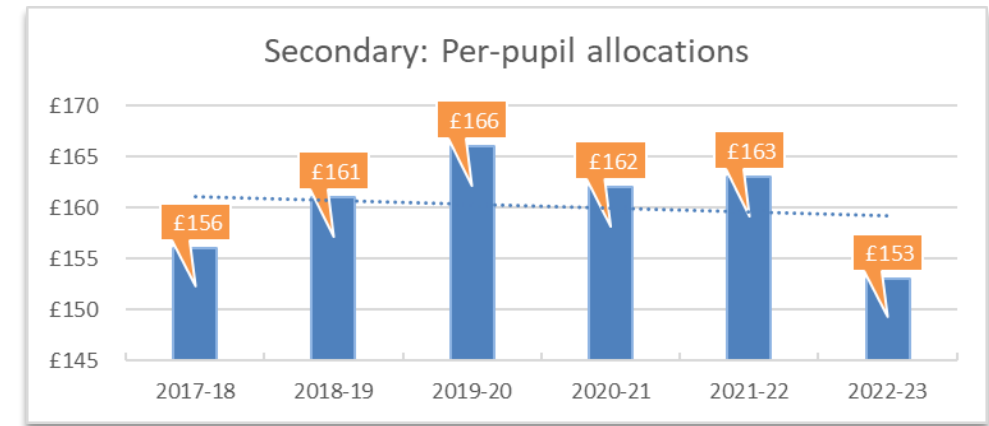
-5%

## Secondary

Secondary per-pupil resource allocations look to have peaked in 2019-20, with 2022-23 expected to see cash-terms allocations fall lower than those allocated in 2017-18. Without this expectation of a fall in 2022-23 the trend would have been for allocations to remain relatively flat over time.

## Primary

Per-pupil resource budget allocations fluctuate even while school budgets expand each year (in cash terms). However, the range is limited, with no year seeing more than £132 per pupil being allocated. The allocation for 2022-23 is particularly constrained.



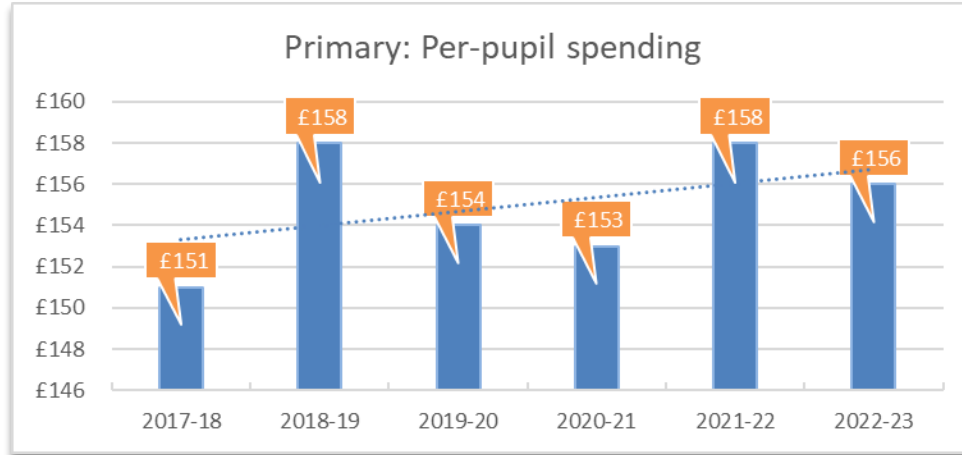
Fall since 2017-18

-2%



# How is per-pupil resource spending changing\*?

\*based on current expectations and in cash terms



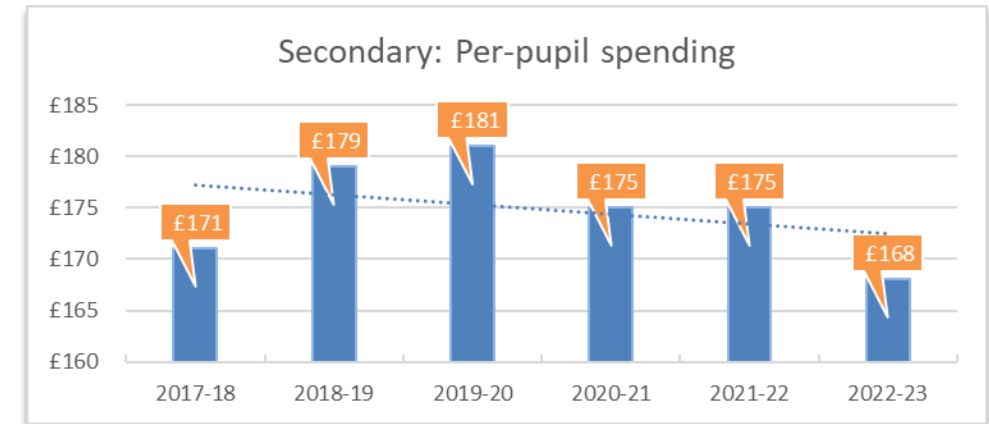
Rise since 2017-18 **+3%**

## Secondary

Spending on resources in 2017-18 was the lowest recorded for some time and even as pupil numbers within the secondary sector grew, pre-pupil spending still expanded. However, during 2020-21 it fell and is forecast to fall again in 2022-23 – leaving spending a little lower than it was in 2017-18 in cash terms, while being significantly lower in real terms.

## Primary

Per-pupil spending has increased a little over the last few years as pupil numbers in the relevant age-range decline. Even so, by 2022-23, the last five years will only see spending expand by +3% in cash terms and represents a significant real terms fall.



Fall since 2017-18 **-2%**





## Summary of findings

---



## 2020-21 dashboard

PRIMARY SECTOR

OUTTURN

**+5%** School  
budgets<sup>1</sup>

**-4%** Resource  
budgets<sup>2</sup>

**-1%** Resource  
spending<sup>3,4</sup>



Furniture &  
storage

**-26%**

Teaching aids  
& equipment

**-9%**

Stationery &  
general items

**-10%**

ICT hardware  
& software

**+11%**

### School averages

School  
budget **£1,221K**

Resources  
budget **£35.7K**

Resources  
spending **£42.5K**

Per-pupil  
resources  
spending **£151 p.p.**

1 Available in individual school bank accounts (excludes LA/MAT dedications)

2 Recurrent budgets set at the beginning of the financial year (where possible)

3 Realised or expected by the end of the year

4 Includes recurrent resource budget and capital allocations



## 2021-22 dashboard

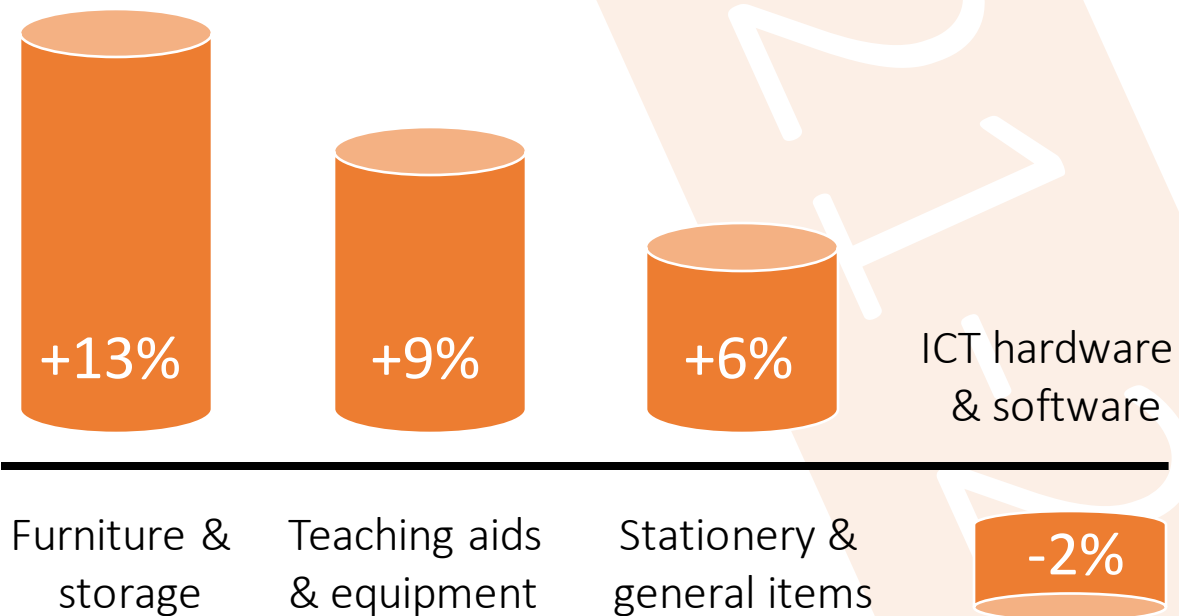
PRIMARY SECTOR

PROJECTION

**+6%** School  
budgets<sup>1</sup>

**+2%** Resource  
budgets<sup>2</sup>

**+3%** Resource  
spending<sup>3,4</sup>



### School averages

School budget £1,295K

Resources budget £36.6K

Resources spending £43.9K

Per-pupil resources spending £158 p.p.

1 Available in individual school bank accounts (excludes LA/MAT dedications)

2 Recurrent budgets set at the beginning of the financial year (where possible)

3 Realised or expected by the end of the year

4 Includes recurrent resource budget and capital allocations



## 2022-23 dashboard

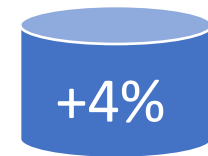
PRIMARY SECTOR

FORECAST

**+7%** School  
budgets<sup>1</sup>

**-5%** Resource  
budgets<sup>2</sup>

**-2%** Resource  
spending<sup>3,4</sup>



Furniture &  
storage

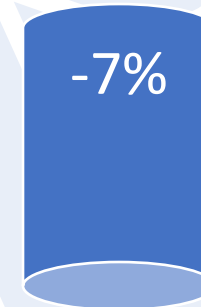


Teaching aids  
& equipment



Stationery &  
general items

ICT hardware  
& software



### School averages

School  
budget £1,390K

Resources  
budget £34.6K

Resources  
spending £43.2K

Per-pupil  
resources  
spending £156 p.p.

1 Available in individual school bank accounts (excludes LA/MAT dedications)

2 Recurrent budgets set at the beginning of the financial year (where possible)

3 Realised or expected by the end of the year

4 Includes recurrent resource budget and capital allocations



## 2020-21 dashboard

SECONDARY SECTOR

OUTTURN

**+4%**

School  
budgets<sup>1</sup>

**-0%**

Resource  
budgets<sup>2</sup>

**-2%**

Resource  
spending<sup>3,4</sup>



Furniture &  
storage

**-16%**

Teaching aids  
& equipment

**-9%**

Stationery &  
general items

**-15%**

ICT hardware  
& software

**+9%**

### School averages

School  
budget **£5,131K**

Resources  
budget **£159.6K**

Resources  
spending **£176.9K**

Per-pupil  
resources  
spending **£179 p.p.**

1 Available in individual school bank accounts (excludes LA/MAT dedications)

2 Recurrent budgets set at the beginning of the financial year (where possible)

3 Realised or expected by the end of the year

4 Includes recurrent resource budget and capital allocations



## 2021-22 dashboard

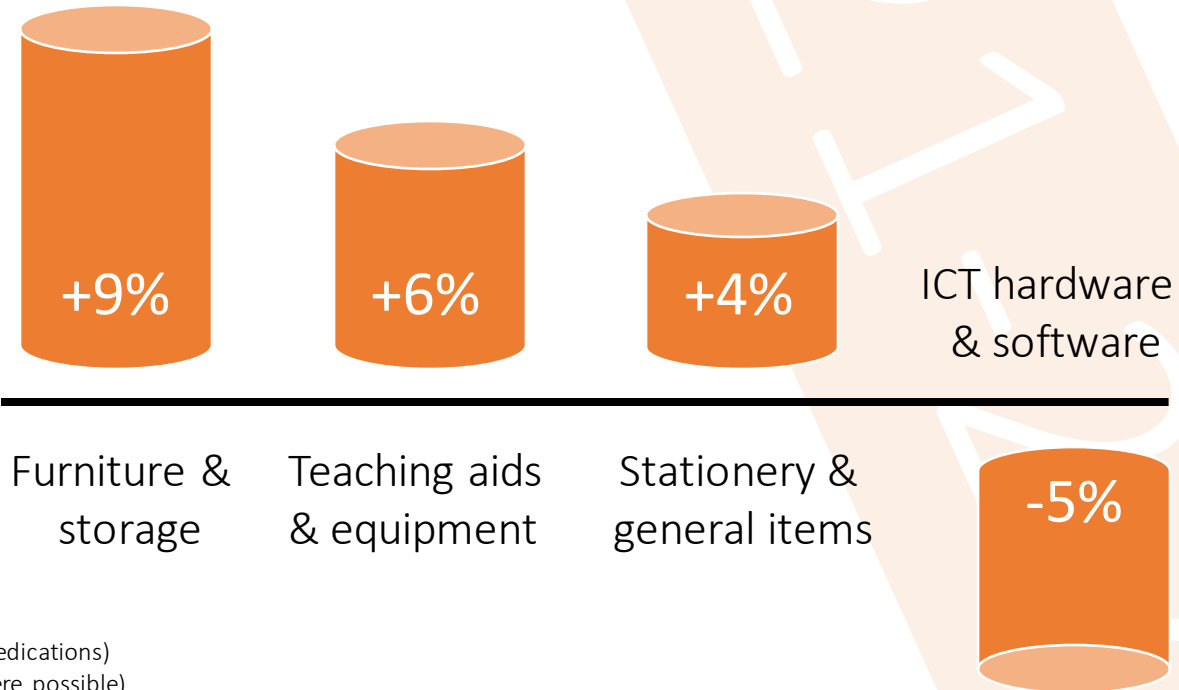
SECONDARY SECTOR

PROJECTION

**+7%** School  
budgets<sup>1</sup>

**+3%** Resource  
budgets<sup>2</sup>

**+0%** Resource  
spending<sup>3,4</sup>



### School averages

School budget £5,512K

Resources budget £164.8K

Resources spending £177.0K

Per-pupil resources spending £175 p.p.

1 Available in individual school bank accounts (excludes LA/MAT dedications)

2 Recurrent budgets set at the beginning of the financial year (where possible)

3 Realised or expected by the end of the year

4 Includes recurrent resource budget and capital allocations



**+9%** School budgets<sup>1</sup>

**-6%** Resource budgets<sup>2</sup>

**-4%** Resource spending<sup>3,4</sup>



Furniture & storage

**+6%**

**+2%**

ICT hardware & software

**-4%**

Teaching aids & equipment

Stationery & general items

**-6%**

School averages

School budget £6,015K

Resources budget £154.4K

Resources spending £169.5K

Per-pupil resources spending £168 p.p.

1 Available in individual school bank accounts (excludes LA/MAT dedications)

2 Recurrent budgets set at the beginning of the financial year (where possible)

3 Realised or expected by the end of the year

4 Includes recurrent resource budget and capital allocations



UK Research Series

# Research



Authored by  
Richard Connor

No copying or other dissemination of the contents of this report may be made without the written permission of BESA



Our annual review of school and resource budgets for this year and the coming year, with expectations for spending on key resource groups. Analysed from school business managers across over 1200 schools.

Full report & tabulations available for all questions  
Members can download all files from the BESA website in the 'Insights' section